

The Devastating Consequences of Medicaid Cuts

Chairman Bob Casey, Senate Committee on Aging

Nearly 1.2 million Alabamians rely on Medicaid & CHIP¹

Cuts to Medicaid would disproportionately hurt children, older adults, people with disabilities, and people of color by eliminating their health care access and coverage.

Cutting Care for Children

Nearly 95% of eligible children in the state are supported by Medicaid and/or CHIP.² Cuts would disproportionately hurt children with the lowest incomes and the highest health care needs.³



Blocking Access for Pregnant Women and Newborns

Nearly 27,800 births (48%) in Alabama per year are covered by Medicaid. A cut to Medicaid would prevent mothers from obtaining the care they need.⁴



Increasing Disparities for Communities of Color

Medicaid covers more than 57% of adults of color in Alabama ages 18-65.⁵ A decrease in Medicaid funding would directly impact access to the communities that need it the most.



Curbing Health Care Access for People with Disabilities

Medicaid covers 45% of nonelderly adults with disabilities nationwide, roughly 10 million people.⁶ They depend on Medicaid for services in order to thrive in their communities.



Cuts to Medicare Beneficiaries

Cuts to Medicaid could impact more than 219,200 dually-eligible Alabamians who rely on the program to help pay their Medicare premiums and co-pays.⁷



Disrupting Nursing Home Care

Cuts to Medicaid could disrupt care for 67% of nursing home residents in Alabama who use Medicaid as their primary payer to stay in a nursing facility.⁸



Threatening Financial Stability of Community Hospitals

Any cut to Medicaid could decrease reimbursement for the 101 community hospitals in Alabama, which could create uncertainty for the financial sustainability of the hospitals that are critical care access points and job creators in their local areas.⁹



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